



A Maharatna Company



# WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY



A Maharatna Company

NTPC Bhawan, Scope Complex, 7, Institutional Area  
Lodhi Road, New Delhi – 110 003.

Corporate **Vigilance** Department



A Maharatna Company



## MESSAGE

I am extremely glad that NTPC has launched its 'Whistle Blower Policy'. Thus the guidelines of SEBI and the Department of Public Enterprises are complied with and the advice of the Central Vigilance Commission has been carried out. Moreover, it fulfills the expectations of stakeholders from an organization like NTPC, which is acknowledged for its globally comparable size, efficiency and governance.

The 'Whistle Blower Policy' has been formulated and implemented in NTPC in keeping with the commitment of the Company to maintain highest possible standards of openness, probity and accountability.

The Policy empowers the employees of NTPC with a tool to secretly disclose incidence of unethical acts, instances of nepotism and willful aberrations, malpractices or corrupt activities taking place within the Company. It also contains specific provisions and due safeguards for protection of genuine complaints from reprisals or victimization for whistle-blowing in good faith.

I am sure that our 'Whistle Blower Policy' will serve the purpose and intent with which it has been formulated and will strongly supplement NTPC's efforts in maintaining a culture of zero-corruption.

I urge upon all the employees to make use of this policy in the interest of the Company.

**Dr. Arup Roy Choudhury**  
(Chairman & Managing Director)

January 18, 2014



A Maharatna Company



## FOREWORD

Tenets of Good Corporate Governance demand that every commercial organization should have a whistle blower policy for facilitating disclosures from its employees on instances of unethical behavior or suspected fraud or violation of its policies & guidelines done by fellow employees. Besides guidelines issued by the Government of India and the SEBI in this regard, the Central Vigilance Commission also advised that such a policy should be formulated and put in place in NTPC.

Therefore, in furtherance of NTPC's commitment for conducting all its affairs in fair and transparent manner with total integrity, ethics and professional commitment, Vigilance Department has taken initiative to launch 'Whistle Blower Policy' in NTPC.

The policy provides a window to all the employees to confidentially report unethical behaviors or acts of malpractices & irregularities taking place within the Company, which apparently violate NTPC's philosophy of integrity, business ethics & transparency. This policy also contains safeguarding provisions against harassment, revenge or victimization of genuine complainants on account of blowing the whistle by them in the interest of the Company.

I am sure that the 'Whistle Blower Policy' will be powerful tool for making the NTPC's processes and systems, even more robust and sustainable to deliver the services in the stringent form & manner expected by the people.

**M. R. P. Rao, IFS**  
(Chief Vigilance Officer)

January 18, 2014

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## WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

### 1. Preface:

The Company believes in conducting its business in a fair and transparent manner by adopting highest standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behavior. As such the Company endeavours to work against corruption in all its forms including demand and acceptance of illegal gratification and abuse of official position with a view to obtain pecuniary advantage for self or any other person.

The Company has framed and adopted Conduct, Discipline and Appeal rules, Service Rules and Standing Orders which govern the conduct of Management employees and workmen. The Vigilance deptt. of the Company is also empowered to initiate investigations on its own and act on complaints received from public / employees, with regard to violation of Company's rules and procedures and code of ethics in the conduct of business.

Any actual or potential violation of the Company's rules, regulations and policy governing the conduct of business is a matter of serious concern for the Company. The Company is therefore committed to developing a culture where it is safe for employees to raise concerns about instances if any, where such rules, regulations and policy are not being followed or any fraud has been committed or business has been conducted in an unethical manner.

Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement between listed companies and the Stock Exchanges, inter-alia, provides as a non mandatory requirement for all listed companies to establish a mechanism called "whistle blower policy" for employees to report to the management concerned about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the company's code of conduct or ethics policy. This mechanism is also required to provide for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees, who avail of the mechanism and for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The objective of Whistle Blower Policy is to build and strengthen a culture of transparency and trust in the organization and to provide employees with a framework / procedure for responsible and secure reporting of improper activities (whistle blowing) within the company and to protect employees wishing to raise a concern about improper activity / serious irregularities within the Company.

The policy does not absolve employees from their duty of confidentiality in the course of their work. It is also not a route for taking up personal grievances.

## 2. Definitions:

1. "Company" means NTPC Ltd.
2. "Audit Committee" means the Audit Committee constituted by the Board of Directors of the Company in accordance with Section 292A of the Companies Act, 1956 and read with Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement with the Stock Exchanges.
3. "Competent Authority" means the Chairman & Managing Director of the Company and will include any person(s) to whom he may delegate any of his powers as the Competent Authority under this policy from time to time.
4. "Employee" means every employee whose name appears on rolls of the company (whether working in India or abroad) including the functional Directors of the Company.
5. "Improper Activity" means any activity by an employee of the Company that is undertaken in performance of his or her official duty, whether or not that act is within the scope of his or her employment, and that is in violation of any law or the rules of conduct applicable to the employee, including but not limited to abuse of authority, breach of contract, manipulation of company data, pilferage of confidential / proprietary information, criminal offence, corruption, bribery, theft, conversion or misuse of the Company's property, fraudulent claim, fraud or wilful omission to perform the duty, or that is economically wasteful or involving gross misconduct, incompetence or gross inefficiency and any other unethical biased favoured or imprudent act.  
Activities which have no nexus to the working of the Company and are purely of personal nature are specifically excluded from the definition of Improper Activity.
6. "Investigators" mean those persons authorized, appointed, consulted or approached by the Chairman & Managing Director / Competent Authority in connection with conducting investigation into a protected disclosure and includes the Auditors of the Company.
7. "Protected Disclosure" means any communication made in good faith that discloses or demonstrates information that may evidence unethical or "Improper Activity".
8. "Service Rules" means the Conduct, Discipline and Appeal rules and the applicable Standing Orders, as the case may be.
9. "Subject" means an employee against or in relation to whom a Protected Disclosure has been made or evidence gathered during the course of an investigation.
10. "Whistle Blower" means an Employee making a Protected Disclosure under this policy.

## 3. Eligibility:

All employees of the Company are eligible to make "Protected Disclosures".

## 4. Guiding Principles:

1. Protected disclosures are acted upon in a time bound manner.
2. Complete confidentiality of the Whistle Blower is maintained
3. The Whistle Blower and / or the person(s) processing the Protected Disclosures are not subjected to victimization.
4. Evidence of the Protected Disclosure is not concealed and appropriate action including disciplinary action is taken in case of attempts to conceal or destroy evidence.
5. Subject of the Protected Disclosure i.e. person against or in relation to whom a protected disclosure has been made, is provided an opportunity of being heard.

## 5. Whistle Blower – Role & Disqualifications:

### A) Role

1. The Whistle Blower's role is that of a reporting party with reliable information.
2. The Whistle Blower is not required or expected to conduct any investigations on his own.
3. The Whistle Blower does not have any right to participate in investigations.
4. Protected Disclosure will be appropriately dealt with by the Competent Authority.
5. The Whistle Blower shall have a right to be informed of the disposition of his disclosure except for overriding legal or other reasons on his written request.

### B) Disqualifications:

1. Genuine Whistle Blowers will be accorded protection from any kind of unfair treatment / victimization. However, any abuse of this protection will warrant disciplinary action against him.
2. Whistle Blowers, who make any Protected Disclosures, which have been subsequently found to be motivated or malafide or malicious or frivolous, baseless or reported otherwise than in good faith, will be liable for disciplinary action as per the applicable Service Rules.
3. Whistle Blowers, who make three Protected Disclosures, which have been subsequently found to be malafide, frivolous, baseless, malicious or reported otherwise than in good faith, will be disqualified from reporting further Protected Disclosure under this policy.

## 6. Procedures - Essentials and handling of Protected Disclosure:

1. The Protected Disclosure / Complaint should be attached to a letter bearing the identity of the whistle blower / complainant i.e. his/her Name, Employee Number and Location, and should be submitted in a closed / secured / sealed envelope addressed to the Competent Authority which should be superscribed "Protected Disclosure". (If the envelope is not superscribed and closed / sealed / secured, it will not be possible to provide protection to the whistle blower as specified under this policy).

The text of the complaint should be carefully drafted so as not to give any details or clue as to whistle blower identity.

2. If the Whistle Blower believes that there is a conflict of interest between the Competent Authority and the whistle blower, he may send his protected disclosure directly to the Chairman, Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company c/o the Company Secretary.
3. Anonymous or pseudonymous protected disclosure shall not be entertained.
4. Protected Disclosure should either be typed or written in legible hand writing in English, Hindi or Regional language of the place of employment of the whistle blower and should provide a clear understanding of the Improper Activity involved or issue / concern raised.
5. Protected Disclosures should be factual and not speculative or in the nature of a conclusion, and should contain as much specific information as possible to assist for proper assessment of the nature and extent of the wrongdoing and should help in investigation.
6. In order to protect identify of the person, Competent Authority will not issue any acknowledgment and the whistle blowers are advised not to enter into any further correspondence.

## 7. Investigations and Role of Investigators:

On receipt of Protected Disclosure, the Competent Authority shall detach the covering letter and verify / confirm the authenticity of the Whistle Blower. On receipt of confirmation, the protected disclosure shall be forwarded to the investigators for investigation.

## A) Investigation

1. Investigations will be launched only after a preliminary review by the Competent Authority which establishes that;
  - i) The alleged act constitutes an improper or unethical activity or conduct, and
  - ii) The allegation is supported by information specific enough to be investigated or in cases where the allegation is not supported by specific information but it is felt that the concerned matter deserves investigation.
2. If the Competent Authority determines that an investigation is not warranted, reason(s) for such determination shall be recorded in writing.
3. If the Competent Authority is prima facie satisfied that the Protected Disclosure warrants investigation of the alleged improper activity, Competent Authority will direct appropriate investigating machinery of the Company to investigate the matter.
4. The decision to conduct an investigation taken by the Competent Authority is by itself not to be construed as an accusation and is to be treated as a neutral fact-finding process.
5. The identity of a Subject and the Whistle Blower will be kept confidential to the extent possible given the legitimate needs of law and the investigation.
6. Subjects will normally be informed of the allegations at the outset of a formal investigation and will be given opportunities for providing their inputs during the investigation.
7. Subjects shall have a duty to co-operate with the Competent Authority or any of the Investigators during investigation to the extent that such co-operation will not compromise self-incrimination protections available under the applicable laws.
8. Subjects have a responsibility not to interfere with the investigation. Evidence shall not be withheld, destroyed or tampered with, and witnesses shall not be influenced, coached, threatened or intimidated by the Subjects.
9. Unless there are compelling reasons not to do so, Subjects will be given the opportunity to respond to material findings contained in an investigation report. No allegation of wrongdoing against a Subject shall be considered as maintainable unless there is good evidence in support of the allegation.

10. Subjects have a right to be informed of the outcome of the investigation.
11. The investigation shall be completed normally within 45 days of the date of receipt of the protected disclosure or such extended period as the Competent Authority may permit for reasons to be recorded.

### **B) Role of Investigators:**

1. Investigators are required to conduct a process towards fact-finding and analysis. Investigators shall derive their authority from Audit Committee / Competent Authority when acting within the course and scope of their investigation.
2. All Investigators shall perform their role in an independent and unbiased manner. Investigators have a duty of fairness, objectivity, thoroughness, ethical behavior and observance of professional standards.

### **8. Protection:**

1. The identity of the Whistle Blower shall be kept confidential.
2. No unfair treatment will be meted out to a Whistle Blower by virtue of his/her having reported a Protected Disclosure under this Policy.
3. Complete protection, will be given to Whistle Blowers against any unfair practice like retaliation, threat or intimidation of termination / suspension of service, disciplinary action, transfer, demotion, refusal of promotion, or the like including any direct or indirect use of authority to obstruct the Whistle Blower's right to continue to perform his duties / functions including making further Protected Disclosure.
4. If the Whistle Blower is required to give evidence in criminal or disciplinary proceedings, arrangements will be made for the Whistle Blower to receive advice about the procedure. Expenses incurred by the Whistle Blower in connection with the above, towards travel etc. will be reimbursed as per normal entitlements.
5. A Whistle Blower may report any violation of the above clause to the Competent Authority who shall investigate into the same and take corrective action as may be required.
6. Any other Employee assisting in the said investigation shall also be protected to the same extent as the Whistle Blower.
7. Whistle Blower shall have direct access to the Chairman, Audit Committee against victimisation.

### **9. Action:**

1. If the Competent Authority is of the opinion that the investigation discloses the existence of improper activity which warrants disciplinary action against the subject employee(s), the Competent Authority shall report the matter to the concerned Disciplinary Authority for appropriate disciplinary action.
2. The Competent Authority shall take such other remedial action as deemed fit to remedy the improper activity mentioned in the protected disclosure or to prevent the re-occurrence of such improper activity.
3. If the Competent Authority is of opinion that the investigation discloses that no further action on the protected disclosure is warranted, he shall so record in writing. Recording should be incorporated in the Quarterly Report to be submitted to Audit Committee as mentioned in sub-para 1 of para 10 (Reporting & Review).
4. If the Competent Authority is satisfied that the protected disclosure is false, motivated or vexatious, the Competent Authority may report the matter to the concerned Disciplinary Authority for appropriate disciplinary action against the whistle blower with a copy to Chairman, Audit Committee for information.

### **10. Reporting and Review:**

1. The Competent Authority shall submit a quarterly report of the protected disclosures, received and of the investigation conducted, and of the action taken report shall be submitted to the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company annually.
2. The Audit Committee shall have power to review any action or decision taken by the Competent Authority.

### **11. Retention of documents:**

All Protected Disclosures in writing or documented alongwith the results of Investigation relating there to shall be retained by the company for a period of five years.

### **12. Amendments:**

This policy can be modified or repealed at any time by the Board of Directors of the Company.